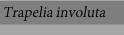
### Common Lichens on Rocks

The most common lichens at the Lehigh Gap two pioneer species that are known for growing in disturbed or polluted areas. They both are crustose (crust-like) lichens that grow on exposed rocks. From a distance both look like lead-grey smears across rocks. Look closer!



#### Leimonis erratica

Close up, this lichen is grainy green and its apothecia (fruiting bodies) are black dots.



Close up, this lichen has tiny purple-brown apothecia, and is otherwise pale grey to whitish pink.



Scolisosporum umbrinum is also a common lichen, with a green powdery thallus, and black apothecia.



## Other Lichens on Rocks

There is a zone about two-thirds of the way up the mountain at Lehigh Gap where lichen diversity increases significantly. These are crustose lichens on rock in that area.

#### Lecanora oreinoides

Lecanora orenoides is a thick white lichen with dark cracks and sunken black apothecia (fruiting bodies)



Porpidia albocaerulescens



Smoky-eyed boulder lichen grows in shady areas and makes whitish patches on rock. It has large grey fruiting bodies that are smoky-grey with black rims.

Acarospora fuscata



Acarospora fuscata is made of tiny plate-like brown aereoles

#### Psiolechia lucida



This powdery lichen grows on the underside of boulders, often in areas enriched in heavy metals. It turns yellow orange under a blacklight!

### Other neat lichens

Phaeocalicium polyporeaum
Stubble lichen



Phaeocalicium polyporaeum is a tiny, brown, pin-like lichen that grows on polypore mushrooms, which grow on wood.

#### Vezdaea leprosa Moss lichen



Vezdaea leprosa grows mainly in metal-enriched areas. It is a bright green felty overgrowth on mosses. It is only with a microscope or a magnifying glass that you can see its orange fruiting bodies.

### To Learn more about lickens



Brodo, I.M., S. Sharnoff, & S. Sharnoff. 2001. <u>Lichens of North America</u>. Yale University Press, New Haven.



https://lichenportal.org/cnalh/index.php



Find lichens by walking with a local mushrrom club: Philadelphia Mycology Club New Jersey Mycological Association



This brochure was made by N. Howe with assistance from J. Lendemer for S. Willig's Regional Field Ecology Course, 2021



# Visitor Guide to Lichens of Lehigh Gap Nature Center

If you look closely, you can find lichens all over the Lehigh Gap, on rocks, trees, and even on soil patches! A lichen is a fungus that grows with algae in its tissues; many are sensitive to air pollution, which is why their presence here is interesting. They can be very tiny, so look carefully! Lichens at the Lehigh Gap might be growing on:



I hope you enjoy and appreciate the lichens of the Lehigh Gap!

### Lichens on Trees

Some of the lichens at Lehigh Gap that are easiest to find grow on trees. These lichens are often foliose or leaf-like, with distinct top and bottom surfaces.

Flavoparmelia caperata

Greenshield lichen is easy to spot because it is very large and greener than most lichens



Flavopunctelia soredica



This lichen is also greenish, and has reproductive structures like pompoms at the edges

Parmelia sulcata Hammered shield Lichen



The white this lichen

Candelaria concolor Candleflame lichen

Candleflame lichen has tiny bright yellow lobes and is common in urban areas



### Lichens on Soils

Many Cladonia lichens are pollutiontolerant – they are the most common lichens on soil at Lehigh Gap. Sometimes they grow at the base of trees. They are mats of greenish flakes, with different kinds of stalks growing out of them.

#### Cladonia subcariosa

This is the first lichen I ever found at the Lehigh Gap, It grows in pincushion-like clumps of flakes with a white underside.



Cladonia grayi



Cladonia reii



C. macilenta



The stalks of Pixie cup lichen (Cladonia grayi) form wide cups (Left); Cladonia reii forms narrower cups with extensions like points off a crown (Middle). Cladonia macilenta has straight stalks with red at the tips (Right)

#### Baeomyces rufus - Fairy puke lichen



A delightful soil-dwelling lichen that makes tiny pink lollipops. Under a blacklight, it fluoresces vellow-orange.